

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows (complete listing of claims with markups according to Revised Format):

1. (currently amended) A device for fluid cooled channeled heat exchange comprising:
 - a. a flat plate heat exchanger, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a top plate and a base plate coupled together; and
 - b. a plurality of fins coupled to the top plate;wherein the base plate comprises:
 - i. fluid inlet configured to receive flow of a fluid in a heated state therethrough;
 - ii. a plurality of channels coupled to the fluid inlet and configured to receive and to cool the fluid;
 - iii. a first plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the plurality of channels, wherein the separate sealed gaps are not traversed by the fluid;
and
 - iv. a fluid outlet coupled to the plurality of channels and configured to receive the cooled fluid and to allow the cooled fluid to exit the device.

- 1 2. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device further comprises a second plurality
2 of fins coupled to the base plate.

- 1 3. (canceled)

- 1 4. (currently amended) The device of claim ~~[[3]]~~ 1, wherein the first plurality of separate
2 sealed gaps are filled with a gas.

- 1 5. (currently amended) The device of claim ~~[[3]]~~ 1, wherein the device further comprises a
2 second plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the fluid inlet and the
3 plurality of channels, wherein the separate sealed gaps are not traversed by the fluid.

- 1 6. (original) The device of claim ~~5~~, wherein the second plurality of separate sealed gaps are
2 filled with a gas.

- 1 7. (currently amended) The device of claim [[3]] 1, wherein the device further comprises a
2 third plurality of separate sealed gaps coupled in between the fluid outlet and the plurality
3 of channels, wherein the separate sealed gaps are not traversed by the fluid.
- 1 8. (original) The device of claim 7, wherein the third plurality of separate sealed gaps are
2 filled with a gas.
- 1 9. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is coupled to heat source.
- 1 10. (original) The device of claim 9, wherein the heat source is a microprocessor.
- 1 11. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is coupled to a pump.
- 1 12. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of channels comprise condensers
2 configured to condense the fluid.
- 1 13. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of channels further comprise pins,
2 wherein the pins protrude from and are perpendicular to the surface of the base plate.
- 1 14. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and
2 the fluid outlet are in a radial configuration.
- 1 15. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and
2 the fluid outlet are in a spiral configuration.
- 1 16. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and
2 the fluid outlet are in an angular configuration.
- 1 17. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and
2 the fluid outlet are in a parallel configuration.
- 1 18. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid inlet, the plurality of channels, and
2 the fluid outlet are in a serpentine configuration.

- 1 19. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device is in a monolithic configuration.
- 1 20. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the device further comprises a conductive fluid
2 proof barrier, wherein the barrier is interposed between the base plate and the top plate.
- 1 21. (currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the [[first]] plurality of fins are
2 coupled with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate
3 by a eutectic bonding method.
- 1 22. (currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the [[first]] plurality of fins are
2 coupled with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate
3 by an adhesive bonding method.
- 1 23. (currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the [[first]] plurality of fins are
2 coupled with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate
3 by a brazing method.
- 1 24. (currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the [[first]] plurality of fins are
2 coupled with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate
3 by a welding method.
- 1 25. (currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the [[first]] plurality of fins are
2 coupled with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate
3 by a soldering method.
- 1 26. (currently amended) The device of claim 1, wherein the [[first]] plurality of fins are
2 coupled with the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled with the base plate
3 by an epoxy.
- 1 27. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a
2 material with a thermal conductivity value larger than 150 W/m-K.
- 1 28. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises copper.

- 1 29. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises
2 aluminum.
- 1 30. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid outlet and the plurality of channels
2 comprise precision machined metals.
- 1 31. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid outlet and the plurality of channels
2 comprise precision machined alloys.
- 1 32. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of fins comprise aluminum.
- 1 33. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid is selected from one of a liquid and a
2 combination of a liquid and a vapor.
- 1 34. (original) The device of claim 1, wherein the fluid is comprised from the group
2 comprising of water, ethylene glycol, isopropyl alcohol, ethanol, methanol, and hydrogen
3 peroxide.
- 1 35. (original) A device for two phase fluid cooled channeled heat exchange comprising:
2 a. a flat plate heat exchanger, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a top
3 plate and a base plate coupled together, and the base plate comprises:
4 i. a single phase region comprising a plurality of two phase channels
5 configured to permit flow of a fluid therethrough, along a first axis;
6 ii. a condensation region comprising a plurality of condenser channels
7 coupled to the plurality of two phase channels, and configured to permit
8 flow of the fluid therethrough, along a second axis not parallel to the first
9 axis; and
10 b. a first plurality of fins coupled to the top plate of the flat plate heat exchanger.
- 1 36. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device further comprises a plurality of
2 separate sealed gaps coupled in between the single phase region and the condensation
3 region, wherein the separate sealed gaps are filled with a gas.
- 1 37. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device further comprises a second single

2 phase region comprising a plurality of single phase channels coupled to the plurality of
3 condenser channels and configured to permit flow of a fluid therethrough, along the first
4 axis.

1 38. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the plurality of two phase channels and the
2 plurality of condenser channels are in a serpentine configuration.

1 39. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device further comprises a second
2 plurality of fins coupled to the base plate of the flat plate heat exchanger.

1 40. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the device is coupled to a heat source.

1 41. (original) The device of claim 40, wherein the heat source is a microprocessor.

1 42. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the fluid is selected from one of a liquid and
2 a combination of a liquid and a vapor.

1 43. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the fluid is comprised from the group
2 comprising of water, ethylene glycol, isopropyl alcohol, ethanol, methanol, and hydrogen
3 peroxide.

1 44. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the fluid comprises water.

1 45. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises
2 copper.

1 46. (original) The device of claim 35, wherein the plurality of fins comprise aluminum.

1 47. (canceled)

1 48. (original) A system for heat exchange comprising:
2 a. one or more fluid channel heat exchangers each comprising at least two separate
3 fluid paths configured to permit flow of a fluid therethrough; and
4 b. one or more pumps configured to circulate the fluid to and from the one or more

5 fluid channel heat exchangers.

1 49. (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 48, wherein the system further
2 comprises a plurality of heat sources.

1 50. (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 49, wherein the plurality of heat
2 sources comprise one or more microprocessors.

1 51. (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 49, wherein the plurality of heat
2 sources comprise the one or more pumps.

1 52. (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 48, wherein the one or more fluid
2 channel heat exchangers are further configured to cool a fluid in a heated state to a cooled
3 state.

1 53. (original) The system for heat exchange of claim 52, wherein the at least two fluid paths
2 are configured to carry the fluid in the heated state from the plurality of heat sources and
3 to carry the fluid in the cooled state to the plurality of heat sources.

1 54. (original) The system of claim 48, wherein the at least two separate fluid paths are
2 parallel.

1 55. (original) The system of claim 48, wherein the at least two separate fluid paths are in a
2 serpentine configuration.

1 56. (original) The system of claim 48, wherein the fluid is selected from one of a liquid and
2 a combination of a liquid and a vapor.

1 57. (currently amended) A method ~~[[for]]~~ of manufacturing a flat plate heat exchanger
2 comprising:

- 3 a. machining fluid channels into each of two plate halves;
- 4 b. soldering fins onto each of the two plate halves;
- 5 c. nickle plating the fluid channels; and
- 6 d. coupling the two halves such that the fluid channels of each of the two plate

7 halves mate and form a leakproof fluid path.

1 58. (original) The method of claim 57, wherein the two halves are coupled by a soldering
2 method.

1 59. (original) The method of claim 58, wherein the soldering method comprises utilizing a
2 solder paste applied by stencil screen printing onto each of the two plate halves to form a
3 bonding interface resulting in a hermetic seal.

1 60. (original) The method of claim 58, wherein the soldering method comprises a step
2 soldering process for multiple soldering operations.

1 61. (original) The method of claim 57, wherein the two halves are coupled by an epoxy.

1 62. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a flat plate heat exchanger comprising:
2 a. manufacturing a first finned extrusion;
3 b. manufacturing a second finned extrusion;
4 c. machining complementary fluid channels onto the first and second finned
5 extrusions; and
6 d. coupling the first finned extrusion to the second ~~[[finned]]~~ finned extrusion by a
7 method from a group consisting of eutectic bonding, adhesive bonding, brazing,
8 welding, soldering, and epoxy such that the fluid channels of the first and second
9 finned extrusions mate and form a leakproof fluid path.

1 63. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein the first finned extrusion is coupled to the
2 second finned extrusion by a soldering method.

1 64. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the soldering method comprises utilizing a
2 solder paste applied by stencil screen printing onto each of the first and second finned
3 extrusions to form a bonding interface resulting in a hermetic seal.

1 65. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the soldering method comprises a step
2 soldering process for multiple soldering operations.

1 66. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein the first finned extrusion is coupled to the
2 second finned extrusion by an epoxy.

1 67. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a flat plate heat exchanger comprising:
2 a. manufacturing a first finned halve by a skiving method;
3 b. manufacturing a second finned halve by a skiving method;
4 c. machining complementary fluid channels onto the first and second finned halves;
5 and
6 d. coupling the first finned halve to the second finned halve such that the fluid
7 channels of the first and second finned halves mate and form a leakproof fluid
8 path.

1 68. (original) The method of claim 67, wherein the two finned halves are coupled by a
2 soldering method.

1 69. (original) The method of claim 68, wherein the soldering method comprises utilizing a
2 solder paste applied by stencil screen printing onto each of the first and second finned
3 halves to form a bonding interface resulting in a hermetic seal.

1 70. (original) The method of claim 68, wherein the soldering method comprises a step
2 soldering process for multiple soldering operations.

1 71. (original) The method of claim 67, wherein the two finned halves are coupled by an
2 epoxy.

Please add the following new claim:

72. (new) A device for fluid cooled channeled heat exchange comprising:
a. a flat plate heat exchanger, wherein the flat plate heat exchanger comprises a top
plate and a base plate coupled together;
b. a first plurality of fins coupled to the top plate; and
c. a second plurality of fins coupled to the base plate;
wherein the base plate comprises:
i. fluid inlet configured to receive flow of a fluid in a heated state

therethrough;

- ii. a plurality of channels coupled to the fluid inlet and configured to receive and to cool the fluid; and
- iii. a fluid outlet coupled to the plurality of channels and configured to receive the cooled fluid and to allow the cooled fluid to exit the device;

wherein the first plurality of fins are coupled to the top plate and the second plurality of fins are coupled to the base plate by a method from a group consisting of eutectic bonding, adhesive bonding, brazing, welding, soldering, and epoxy.